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University Hospitals of Leicester

Managing risk of regaining weight after a new diagnosis of type 1 diabetes

Diabetes Service/Dietetics Service

Information for Patients

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Why am I at risk of regaining weight?

When you were diagnosed with Type 1 diabetes you may have had some weight loss. This is a common symptom and can occur when blood glucose levels are high. When blood glucose levels are high, the body does not work so well. As a result the kidneys try to get rid of the excess glucose in your pee (urine). This causes weight loss (and tiredness).



When you started taking insulin, you should have noticed that your blood glucose levels improved. However this is also the stage where you are at risk of gaining weight. This is because any excess glucose in the body will no longer be lost in your pee (urine). Instead will be stored as fat, unless you burn this off through exercise or reduce the amount of food you eat.

It is important for you to think about this now as you are at risk of weight gain over a short period of time as your insulin is adjusted.

Generally speaking it is easier to manage blood glucose levels in slimmer individuals and we know, those that have lost excess weight at diagnosis often do not want to regain it. To minimise weight gain, we encourage you to think about making food changes so that you have less calories, whilst we help you to improve your blood glucose levels.

What can I do to minimise weight gain?

Weight goes up when your calorie (food /drink) intake is more than what you use up through daily activity. Both food and activity are important to think about.

Health information and support is available at www.nhs.uk or call 111 for non-emergency medical advice

Visit www.leicestershospitals.nhs.uk for maps and information about visiting Leicester's Hospitals To give feedback about this information sheet, contact InformationForPatients@uhl-tr.nhs.uk



Let's focus on food first. To minimise weight gain it is important that you make some changes. To help guide your choices we have outlined the calorie content of fat, alcohol, carbohydrate and protein.

Nutrient	Kcal per gram
Fat	9 calories per gram
Alcohol	7 calories per gram
Carbohydrate	4 calories per gram
Protein	4 calories per gram

From the table, you can see that fat gives you the most calories per gram. For every 1 gram of fat, you will take in 9 calories, so reducing your fat intake is a good way to cut down on calories and minimise weight gain.

If you are not sure of how to decide on better food options, take the time to look at food labels.

Many foods are labelled using a traffic light system, this tells you about the levels of fat, saturated fat, sugar and salt in a food product.

- Red means high,
- Amber means medium,
- Green means low.

For more information on how to read a food label follow the link below to the NHS website:

www.nhs.uk/live-well/eat-well/food-guidelines-and-food-labels/how-to-read-food-labels/

How can I reduce my fat intake?

- Reduce intake of pastries/pies/pasties/samosas/spring rolls as these are high in fat.
- Use less butter and where possible try a low fat alternative such as a 'light' spread.
- Use less cheese and where possible try low fat alternatives (such as: ricotta, cottage cheese, light cheese).
- Use less oil in cooking, and where possible use oil sprays to help you to use less oil.
- Opt for low fat snacks such as baked crisps instead of the normal options.
- Take off fat/skin off meat/chicken.
- Use low fat dressings/low fat mayo.
- Grill, roast , steam or air fry foods instead of frying.
- Eat out/ have takeaways less often.

How can I reduce my carbohydrate intake?

- Cut down on meal portion sizes to lower your calorie intake. If you make a consistent change this will help minimise weight gain. Avoid 2nd helpings.
- Try to fill up on more vegetables and salad, which are low in calories.

Filling up at meal times

- Having a good source of lean protein with each meal will help you to feel fuller for longer in between meals. For example, fish, lean meat, eggs, beans, Quorn or soya products, lentils.
- Eating foods that are higher in fibre can also help you to feel fuller for longer because your body takes longer to break them down, some examples include: wholegrains (such as quinoa, brown rice or bulgur wheat), wholemeal or seeded bread, vegetables, beans and pulses.

Are there any apps that can help me to manage my weight?

There are a number of apps that can help you to make healthier food choices and review calorie content of foods. We have listed some useful apps below:

- NHS food scanner app
- Lifesum app
- MyFitnessPal app
- Carbs & Cals app
- FatSecret app

How can being more active help me minimise weight gain?

Being more active will help you to use up your calories and this is important. We can all be active in a number of ways, but the key is being consistent. During this phase where you are trying to minimise weight gain it is important you try to be active daily. The more you can do the better for you in terms of minimising weight gain. If you are planning to start exercising please talk to your diabetes specialist nurse as your insulin doses will need reviewing.



You can use a tracking device such as a Fitbit/ Apple watch or equivalent to measure your progress. If you don't have any of these your mobile phone will have free apps where you can track your activity.

We have listed some useful walking tracking apps and activity apps below:

- Google Fit-activity tracker
- Step Tracker
- 7 minute workout
- NHs Couch to5K

You can find many more on your app store that suit you. Take a look as these apps can be a useful resource to motivate you.

For more information on the Physical Activity guidelines for adults follow the link below to the NHS website:

Physical activity guidelines for adults aged 19 to 64 - NHS (www.nhs.uk)

For more information on Weight Management Services offered in Leicester follow the link below to the NHS website:

Patient Pathway — Weight Management Services (Ilrweightmanagement.org.uk)

Contact details:

Diabetes Dietetic Team Diabetes Outpatients Department

Leicester General Hospital

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اگر آپ کو یہ معلومات کسـی اور زبان میں درکار ہیں، تو براہِ کرم مندرجہ ذیل نمبر پر ٹیلی فون کریں۔ علی هذه المعلومات بلغةٍ أُخری، الرجاء الاتصال علی رقم الهاتف الذي یظهر في الأسفل જો તમને અન્ય ભાષામાં આ માફિતી જોઈતી હોય, તો નીચે આપેલ નંબર પર કૃપા કરી ટેલિફોન કરો

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